



# Duty of Care

Ensuring Ethical and Legal Responsibilities in Healthcare

Colossians 3:23

# What is Duty of Care?

- A legal and ethical obligation
- To provide a standard level of care
- To avoid harm to patients
- Applies to all health professionals
- Maintain confidentiality and protect sensitive information

# Duty of Care in the Pacific Context

- Challenges: limited resources, remote areas
- Importance of cultural sensitivity
- Community-focused care
- Respect survivors' privacy and choices

# Breaches and Consequences

- Examples: negligence, lack of informed consent
- Consequences.  legal action, loss of license, harm to patients
- Importance of documentation

# Upholding Duty of Care

- Continuous training
- Ethical decision-making
- Respect and compassion
- Teamwork and support

Galatians 6:9

# Our Role in GBV Response

- Provide safe, non-judgmental spaces
- Maintain strict confidentiality
- Provide, survivor-centered care
- Refer appropriately and collaborate across services

# Conclusion: Our Commitment as Caregivers

- Duty of care is more than a responsibility—it is a calling
- We are guardians of dignity, trust, and healing 
- Our actions speak louder than words
- Let us serve with integrity, compassion, and faith
  - Colossians 3:17



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